

Glasgow Colleges' Regional Board Equality Mainstreaming Report

Introduction

The Glasgow Colleges' Regional Board (GCRB) is a regional strategic body established by the Further & Higher Education (Scotland) Act 2005 (as amended by the Post 16 Education (Scotland) Act 2013). GCRB's role is to secure the coherent provision of a high quality of fundable further and higher education in the three Glasgow colleges:

- Glasgow Kelvin College
- City of Glasgow College
- Glasgow Clyde College

Our regional approach is designed to build on the colleges' existing strengths and, together, to develop new strengths, influence and flexibility. In October 2017 we launched our first Regional Strategy for College Education (www.gcrb.ac.uk/strategy). Our overarching regional ambition is to build Scotland's most inclusive, most responsive, and most effective regional college system.

This is our second equalities report under the public sector equality duty (first report published in April 2016).

Our Collective Commitment to Equality Mainstreaming

The Glasgow College Region is collectively committed to creating a regional college system which reflects the diversity of the region. To support a coherent regional approach, the colleges and GCRB have jointly developed the following shared equality outcome themes:

- the diversity of students and staff reflects the communities the college serves;
- all students and staff experience and contribute to a culture of dignity and respect;
- all students and staff benefit from inclusive and accessible spaces, environments and services;
- all students and staff actively engage in fully inclusive and accessible learning; and
- successful student and staff outcomes are increased irrespective of protected characteristics.

Our shared focus on these themes will drive improved accessibility, greater participation from learners from all protected characteristic groups, and challenge stereotypes and under-representation.

We continuously monitor participation and outcomes across equalities characteristics at both regional and college levels.

Regional Mainstreaming

Consideration of equalities is integral to a range of regional structures and processes. Equalities impact assessments are integrated into key regional decision making processes and developments. Our Regional Outcome Agreement (ROA) sets out our annual plans for the joint delivery of a regional curriculum and an equality impact assessment is undertaken prior to its agreement and finalisation.

Regional operational planning groups have a standing agenda item to consider potential equalities impacts of any decisions made. Our regional Equalities and Access groups meet regularly to share practice and to develop a consensus on regional issues and priorities for action.

To publicise our joint commitment to equalities, a regional 'Embracing Diversity Student Competition' is held each year, the aim of which is to find the most effective expression and communication of the "embracing diversity" theme.

At a regional level we consider national performance measures which include participation and attainment levels for ethnicity groups, and age and disability categories. We also undertake similar review of data for other priority groups such as students who are care experienced, or from deprived postcodes.

Our Regional Outcome Agreement (ROA) for 2018-19 to 2020-21, commits the Glasgow College Region to working collectively to increase the volume and proportion of Credits relating to learners from the protected characteristic groups relating to gender, age, ethnicity and disability, along with increasing participation of care leavers and learners from deprived postcodes. Our ROA also seeks to deliver equality in levels of attainment for learners from these priority groups.

The 2017-18 Glasgow ROA and related Equality Impact Assessment are available at:

<http://www.gcrb.ac.uk/publications>

We are supported externally in our regional analysis by the work of the Equality Challenge Unit, and in particular, by their annual statistical reports on equality in colleges in Scotland.

These reports present an equality-focused analysis of further education statistics (FES) collated by the Scottish Funding Council (SFC), with data and analysis provided on age, disability, ethnicity and gender, the intersections of these identities, and on the optional protected characteristics religion and sexual orientation. The report also considers students' socioeconomic class, based on the Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation and presents high-level regional data analysis.

In addition to national figures, the Equality Challenge Unit also provide corresponding data tables for multi-college regions to support regional benchmarking and assist colleges to identify equality challenges at a regional level. The 2017 national report and Glasgow Region data tables are available at: <https://www.ecu.ac.uk/publications/equality-in-colleges-in-scotland-statistical-report-2017/>

Consideration of regional data and evidence provides a context for information gathered at a college level, and assists colleges in identifying and tackling student equality challenges, alongside embedding equality outcomes within our regional outcome agreement with the SFC.

College Mainstreaming

Each college has a range of strategies and plans which support achievement of our equality themes. These include Equalities Mainstreaming Reports and institutional level access and inclusion strategies and gender action plans. These documents review a range of relevant data and indicators and identify actions to promote inclusion and to monitor the effectiveness and impact of interventions.

The following equality, diversity and inclusion activities are common across each College in the region:

- Staff with specific responsibility for equality, diversity and inclusion are employed.
- Approaches are in place to meet the statutory duties of the Equality Act 2010 and respective reports.
- Collaboration with Equality Challenge Unit on various programmes and attendance at the College Liaison Group.
- Strategic and operational working groups focused on equality, diversity and inclusion issues are convened.
- General equality, diversity and inclusion training and specific training on issues such as mental health is available to staff and students.
- Colleges provide chaplaincy services and quiet reflection spaces.
- Equality, diversity and inclusion is embedded into College planning and performance processes.
- Student and staff equality data monitoring systems are aligned to cover all protected characteristics, and campaigns are run to raise awareness of the rationale for and benefits of declaration.
- Inclusive learning and teaching materials and practices are being further developed.
- Colleges are working towards various accreditation standards, such as: Investors in People; Positive about Disability; DisabledGo; LGBT Youth Charter Mark, and Tommy's Pregnancy Accreditation Programme.
- Student and staff evidence from surveys and focus groups inform policy and procedure through EQIA.
- Equality, diversity and inclusion issues are considered in on and offline communications, for example through using diverse images.
- Student data across protected characteristics inform action planning.
- Colleges plan and deliver various local initiatives such as events and campaigns to raise awareness of equality, diversity and inclusion in general and specific issues.

Further detail on individual college approaches and priorities are set out in their equalities mainstreaming reports which can be accessed at:

City of Glasgow College	report
Glasgow Clyde College	report
Glasgow Kelvin College	report

Supporting Access and Inclusion

College Access and Inclusion Strategies seek to define the inclusive service our colleges provide, including processes for providing bespoke individualised support, and setting out how college ambitions link up with the ambitions within the region. The strategies also highlight the commitment to effective partnership working and ongoing CPD for staff in relation to access and inclusions ambitions.

The college Access and Inclusion Strategies are available at:

City of Glasgow College	report
Glasgow Clyde College	report
Glasgow Kelvin College	report

Addressing Gender Imbalances

In terms of gender balance, analysis of overall participation rates by gender do not suggest any under-representation. However, when student gender proportions are analysed at subject level, significant variations exist across different subject groupings. The Scottish Government, through DYW, has set out its ambitions for colleges to address gender imbalances at subject level, with a KPI to 'increase by 5 percentage points the minority gender share in each of the 10 largest and most imbalanced superclasses among 16-24-year olds by 2021.

Within their current Gender Action Plans, each assigned college has set clear target outcomes focused on the subjects with the greatest gender imbalances. These focus on addressing gender imbalances in subjects where 90% or more learners are of one gender and are available through the following links:

City of Glasgow College	report
Glasgow Clyde College	report
Glasgow Kelvin College	report

British Sign Language (BSL) support

Glasgow's colleges are committed to supporting the implementation of the British Sign Language (Scotland) Act 2015, and will play a role in promoting and delivering the outcomes of the BSL National Plan for Scotland. In particular, as the new legislation is implemented, college level plans will be developed to ensure compliance with the new statutory obligations.

Meeting the Needs of Disabled Learners

Glasgow City has higher than average rates of residents classing themselves as disabled or incapable of work and the Glasgow colleges undertake a range of activity to ensure they identify and remove barriers to participation or reasons for non-disclosure, and this includes work with Community Planning Partnerships and disability support agencies.

Glasgow City Council Education Services have well established arrangements with colleges and a range of specialist centres to ensure pupils with profound and complex needs receive appropriate support from the most suitable providers. Glasgow colleges will maintain a dialogue with the Education Department during the period of this Regional Outcome Agreement and jointly assess the need for any greater level of college support for learners with profound and complex needs. Across the Glasgow colleges, there is an ongoing dialogue with Glasgow Education Services to ensure that provision continues to be sufficient to meet needs. There is also significant joint planning with the Education Services and the Additional Support Needs Schools to ensure college places on appropriate courses are optimised for the majority of leavers. A large School/College provision is in place for those young people who are still at school and can benefit from college input.

Self-Directed Support improves social inclusion and independence for young people and adults with disabilities and colleges should support learners with additional needs so that they can make informed decisions about their further education. The Glasgow colleges provide tailored information about entry requirements so that pupils and their carers/agencies can make informed choices about their college learning and make best use of the resource provided by self-directed support. Colleges also promote accurate and full information about the support available to students with disabilities to help applicants make well-informed course choices. Working in partnership with appropriate agencies, Glasgow Region Colleges will also ensure that all reasonable support measures are place before a student with additional support for learning needs accepts their place.

Meeting the Needs of English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) learners

Ethnicity data on population and our colleges' headcounts suggest that the Glasgow College Region broadly reflects and represents the ethnicity grouping of the regional population. However, the impact of migration and resultant demand for English tuition, as highlighted in the 2011 census data, showed that approximately 17,000 Glasgow College Region residents claim to speak little or no English.

Corresponding to these suggested high levels of demand for English tuition, Glasgow Colleges provide a significant level of ESOL tuition. Given the rising numbers of non-UK nationals resident in Glasgow City, its colleges will continue to provide appropriate levels of English language tuition to support integration and access to employment. The region's colleges will play a lead role in the successful delivery of ESOL tuition. This will include delivery through regional partnerships with community-based providers.

Glasgow Colleges' Regional Board staff equality

The Glasgow Colleges' Regional Board (GCRB) has decided to adopt the HR policies and procedures of Glasgow Clyde College, which provides GCRB with all its HR support. This is mainly because of GCRB's very small staff establishment. Full information on Glasgow Clyde College's approach to equalities is available on its website at: <http://www.glasgowclyde.ac.uk/about-us/equality-and-diversity/equality-act>

As a very small organisation we are extremely sensitive to changes in staffing and therefore it is easy to identify individuals beyond all but the most high-level analysis. GCRB had four staff: two male and two female. Although we hold data on other characteristics, it is not appropriate to publish that information because it would disclose personal information.

Glasgow Colleges' Regional Board Membership

GCRB has subscribed to the Partnership for Change's 50:50 by 2020 initiative. The overall gender balance of the Board is currently 50:50, which is reflected also in the Non-Executive membership. Throughout the period since the last GCRB report on equality, gender balance has remained within the minimum 40%:60% balance range.

The following table provides a breakdown of gender balance across categories of membership. It should be noted that the Board Chair is appointed by Scottish Ministers, Staff and Student Members are elected by their respective bodies, and Assigned College Chairs serve on the Board ex officio.

Members	Female	Male	F:M %
Chair	1		100/0
Assigned College Chairs	0	3	0/100
Non-Executive Members	5	5	50/50
Staff Members	1	1	50/50
Student Members	2	0	100/0
Totals	9	9	50/50

GCRB's Nominations and Remuneration Committee approved its first Diversity Succession Plan in October 2017. Actions arising from the plan are incorporated into the Board's annual Development Action Plan, progress against which is monitored routinely by the Nominations and Remuneration Committee.

GCRB monitors diversity data during the recruitment of new Board Members using a form that reflects current best practice guidance, and will use board diversity data provided by the Scottish Government to inform its planning when this becomes available.